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1. SOVIETS DISPLAY JET HEAVY BOMBERS EQUIPPED FOR IN-FLIGHT REFUELING

25X1A	

Photographs of BISONS participating in rehearsals for the annual May Day air show in Moscow show two aircraft equipped with nose booms. The booms. similar to one seen during the Soviet

Air Force Day Show on 3 July last year, are about one foot in diameter and about 13 feet long.

Comment

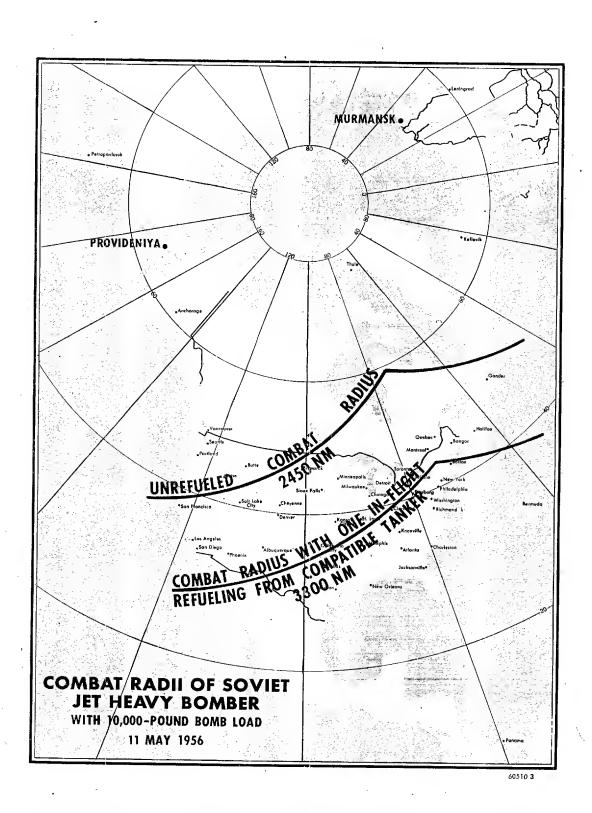
This equipment is probably the probe element of a probe-and-drogue inflight refueling system. With one in-flight refueling from a compatible tanker, i.e., a tanker with similar performance characteristics, the combat radius of the BISON could be extended from 2,450 to 3,300 nautical miles. (See map. p. 4.)

The absence of squadron markings on both probe-equipped aircraft, which were interspersed among about 20 other BISONS when observed, suggests they are still under the control of the Ministry of Aviation Industry rather than the Long Range Air Force.

The aerial tanker element of the refueling system has not been identified. Of known Soviet aircraft, another BISON or a BEAR would be best suited for this role. (Prepared by OSI)

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2. USSR MAKES FISHERIES AGREEMENT WITH JAPAN DEPENDENT ON DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

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A Japanese-Soviet fisheries agreement will be signed in Moscow on 11 May, according to an announcement by Japanese foreign minister Shigemitsu. He later informed Ambassador Allison that Premier Bulganin had made clear to the Japanese negotiator in Moscow, Minister of Agriculture and Forestry Kono, that

implementation of the agreement would depend on the reopening of diplomatic relations between the USSR and Japan. Shigemitsu clearly implied that the Japanese government would probably accede to Bulganin's condition.

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3. BRITISH PRESTIGE SEEN DECLINING IN IRAQ

Ambassador Gallman reports from
Iraq that a steady decline of British
prestige there is one of the most
significant developments in the area
since the summer of 1955. Gallman
attributes this in part to the worsening British position
in Jordan, Cyprus, and the Persian Gulf sheikdoms, but
also to the conduct of British officials and businessmen in
Iraq. He says British ambassador Wright is increasingly
criticized by Iraqis for his "unwarranted interference" in
internal affairs.

Gallman adds that a generally pro-British Iraqi news correspondent told him that Wright's "high-handed and arrogant" conduct is building up real trouble for Britain in Iraq. The correspondent said that he had warned British embassy officials that "Britain will lose this, her last foothold in the Middle East," unless Wright and others in the embassy change their tactics.

The decline in British prestige in Iraq has accompanied a loss of influence by the British throughout the Middle East. Iraq tends to blame Britain for its failure to obtain an influential position in the Middle East through the medium of the Baghdad pact. Iraq's present leaders almost certainly wish to continue their cordial relationships with Britain. They are not likely, however, to maintain this position should strong popular pressure develop.

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4.	SPAIN	ТО	APPO.	INT A	MBASS	ADOR	IN RA	BAT	

Comment

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Spain has been eager to curry favor with the Arab states by being the first to accord Morocco diplomatic recognition. The sultan particularly desires the presence of accredited ambassadors at post-Ramadan celebrations on 12 May. France has insisted on delaying diplomatic exchanges until fall. Spain's action will probably force Paris to alter its schedule radically.

The British government issued a statement on 10 May recognizing Morocco and Tunisia as sovereign and independent states, but deferring an exchange of ambassadors until French-Moroccan negotiations are concluded.

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5. FRENCH-MOROCCAN TENSION NEARS BREAKING POINT

Consul General Porter in Rabat believes that the failure of the Moroccans to reach an agreement with Paris regarding foreign affairs may bring current tension to a breaking point. Many French residents in Morocco insist that the situation is more serious now than it was prior to the Oued Zem massacre on 20 August.

The Moroccan population and elements of the "Liberation Army" are becoming restive. The French military forces, smarting under continued Moroccan harassment, have thus far been restrained by their high command.

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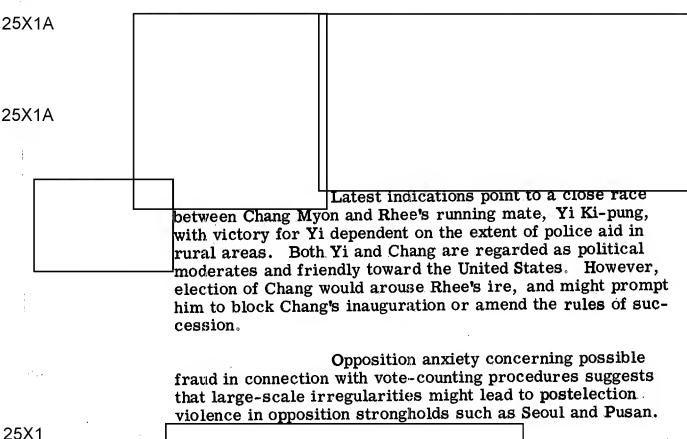
Comment The sultan does not have the security forces necessary to prevent widespread attacks on French residents and is relying on personal ap-

peals for order.

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8. PRE-ELECTION TENSION INCREASING IN SOUTH KOREA



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9. HUNGARY RELAXES CONTROLS ON AUSTRIAN BORDER

25X1A

The announced Hungarian decision on 9 May to "abolish the technical barrier along the western frontier of the country is a possibly important step in the Soviet bloc campaign to reduce interna-

tional tensions and to convince the Satellite people that past harsh policies are being abandoned. The Hungarian announcement was preceded by Austrian Communist proposals to Hungary, on the eve of general elections in Austria, that restrictions on the Austro-Hungarian border be lifted since they represented a "remnant of the cold war." This maneuver is unlikely to improve the chances of the Communists in the election.

The "technical barriers" the Hungarians intend to abolish are presumably the mine fields and barbed wire fences. While the Hungarian action is likely to encourage many Hungarians to attempt to escape to the West, the regime's 15,000-man frontier border guard will probably be able to maintain relatively strict control of the border.

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THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION (Information as of 1700, 10 May)

Clashes and incidents continue on the Jordanian and Egyptian borders with Israel. An Israel military spokesman reported that the Tel Aviv-Beersheba railway was cut two miles north of Beersheba, and that Jordanian infiltrators had attacked a civilian truck 10 miles north of Tel Aviv. Israeli patrols killed a Jordanian infiltrator in a clash south of Jerusalem, and engaged in a skirmish with Jordanians 40 miles north of Jerusalem. Egypt charged that armed Israelis killed an Arab farmer and wounded a National Guardsman near Gaza.	25X1A DIA 25X1
in Damascus that Israel had released the Syrian vessel Feisal and crew and that it was on its way back to Syria. Israel captured the vessel in August 1955 for violating Israeli territorial waters. Israel agreed at the time of the Israeli-Syrian prisoner exchange of 29 March to release the vessel and its crew in the near future.]
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